Electronic Ballast for Gas-Discharge Lamps EVG 2300





EVG 2300-S

EVG 2300-T

Functional description

- Electronic, controllable AC ballast (EVG) for gas-discharge lamps of a nominal power from 500 W to 2300 W
- Control of the lamp power via a galvanically separate analogue input DC 0...10V or DC 4...20mA
- It is possible to operate nearly all types of mercury vapour medium-pressure lamps and metal halide lamps the electrical characteristics of which are in the wide operating range of unit
- Ignitor is switched OFF after 10 s
- State of operation is indicated by light-emitting diodes
- > In case of fault, a potential-free change-over contact is actuated
- > In case of lamp faults, the output voltage is switched OFF
- Optional RS232 interface to parameterize the maximum output power and to read out an extended data range of EVG

Advantages

- Lamp power can be adjusted steplessly
- Lamp power can be controlled constantly over the whole mains voltage range from 196 255 V
- Lamp power can be pulsed
- > Any mains voltage variations are compensated
- Smaller and lighter than comparable standard ballasts
- Lamp voltage and current are of square-wave type
- Compensation is not necessary



parameterized nominal power

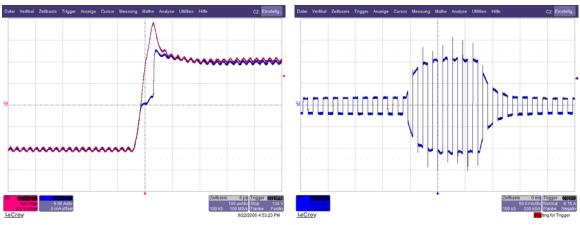
Technical data

Efficiency: Ambient temperature: Dimensions: Weight:	>91% 5°C to 50°C 255 x 120 x 327 mm (w x h x d) 5.0 kg (EVG 2300-S) 8,0 kg (EVG 2300-T)
Mains connection Mains voltage and frequency: Connection: Power factor: Fuse: Limitation of starting current:	196 to 255V at 50 and 60 Hz L1, N and PE > 0.996 (with full load) 16A slow-blow 35A (10 ms)
Energization Analogue power control input:	DC 010V (Ri <= 10 kΩ) DC 110V = ON and lamp power 10100% of the paramaterized nominal power DC 420mA DC 5.620mA = ON and lamp power 10100% of the

All energization connections and the serial interface are galvanically separated from the mains.

Lamp outputOutput frequency:55HzMaximum lamp current:14ALamp nominal voltage:100V to 300VParameterizable nominal power:500W...2300WProtection against short circuit and overload in the lamp circuitProtection against line-to-earth fault in the lamp circuitWarning: Protection against line-to-earth faults is no personal protection!!No-load test

Warning: In the no-load case, voltages of up to 420 V may occur at the lamp output!!



Lamp voltage (red); lamp current (blue)

Lamp current during the variation of set value

Forced cooling

In order to guarantee the maximum power output of the EVG, it is important to efficiently cool the unit. The cooling effect depends on the air volume flowing through the heat sink and the air temperature. To reach the full power output, the ambient air temperature may not be higher than 50°C.

Warning: The casing may reach a temperature of up to 80°C!!